



ASF AFFECTS PIGS

- IT DOES NOT CAUSE DISEASE IN HUMANS AND OTHER ANIMALS
- THERE IS NO TREATMENT OR VACCINATION FOR ASF
- WE CAN AVOID ASF THROUGH GOOD FARM BIOSECURITY PRACTICES
- ASF IS NOT CAUSED BY SANGUMA





CONFINE PIGS

FROM FREE-RANGING TO FENCING IN AND PENNING YOUR PIGS

- Isolate your healthy pigs in a 'bubble' or compartment from unhealthy environment.
- Pen your pigs and fence the pens in.
- Perimeter fence about 2m (buffer) from the pen.
- Build concrete floors or raised wooden floors.
- Clean out food and animal waste regularly.

Location and structure of pens should allow for adequate cleaning and waste management.

Build a roof.



DEDICATED PIG HANDLERS

MINIMISE THOROUGHFARE OF PEOPLE AND ANIMALS THROUGH PIG PENS

- Only allow dedicated people to handle pigs.
- They must use dedicated farm clothes, footwear, equipment, tools, troughs etc.
- Clean/disinfect before entry and exit of pig pen.
 Use soap or bleach.
- Unauthorized people, animals and vehicles are not allowed to trespass pig premises.

FEEDING YOUR PIGS

KNOW WHAT YOU ARE FEEDING YOUR PIGS

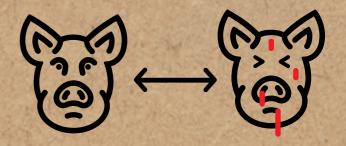
- Use clean healthy foodstuffs, including formulated stock feeds.
- Do not feed swill (left-over foods) containing pork eq. from kitchens or mumus.
- Use clean feed and water troughs. Each pen should have a dedicated feeding and water trough and do not move them from pen to pen.
- Pig farmer must not consume cooked pork sold at the local market. This may spread ASF to your pigs.



QUARANTINE NEW PIGS

APPLY BASIC QUARANTINE PROCEDURES WITH NEW PIGS

- Build a separate pen for quarantine purposes at least 10m away from regular pens, and disinfect after using them. Bleach is a readily available disinfectant and works best for hard surfaces like concrete.
- If new pigs should be introduced, quarantine them for 10-14 days in separate quarantine pen. This includes new pigs from different sources, service boars for temporary use, resident pigs returning from sales display or shows.
- During the quarantine period, observe for signs of disease. If no disease after that period, then they can be introduced into your pig pen.



SEPARATE SICK PIGS

IF PIGS ARE INFECTED WITH ASF, THE SICK PIGS CAN SPREAD ASF VIRUS

- If pigs get sick, immediately isolate them from the rest of the herd.
- Do not slaughter sick pigs for consumption.
 This spreads the virus.
- Do not buy or sell sick pigs.
- Do not introduce sick pigs to your pens.
- Do not send away your sick pigs to other people or places.
- There is no medicine available that can treat ASF in pigs.

DISPOSE DEAD PIGS PROPERLY

IF PIGS DIED FROM ASF, THE DEAD PIG CARCASSES CAN SPREAD ASF VIRUS

- Do not throw dead pigs in rivers or lakes.
- Do not butcher dead pigs for consumption.
- Do not feed pork from dead pigs to other healthy pigs.
- Bury dead pigs, about 1.5m deep, away from water ways.
- Change and clean clothes used for disposal of carcass.
- Disinfect pens, floors, clothes, tools. Bleach can be used for hard surfaces like concrete and tools.